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Alexandria Gazette.

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Fair tonight and tomorrow; moderate temperature; light northeast to north winds, becoming southerly.

VOL. CXXXIII—No. 185 ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1917. PRICE ONE CENT.

FINANCES OF RED CROSS

Chairman Davison Gives Statement Showing Where and How Cash is Being Paid Out.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Henry P. Davison, chairman of the War Council of the Red Cross, makes public a statement setting forth the finances and other important facts concerning the Red Cross up to July 31, 1917. Mr. Davison authorizes the following:

It is the earnest desire of the Red Cross that the American people, to whom the Red Cross belongs, should know all about its acts and its affairs. The people have given a wonderful exhibition of generosity and big-heartedness and at their bidding the American Red Cross has undertaken the most stupendous effort in the history of mankind to relieve suffering and distress.

The accounts of the Red Cross are regularly audited by the War Department and an annual report is made to Congress. But it is the purpose of the War Council to take the people day by day, as fully as possible into its confidence. Information as to Red Cross matters will accordingly be made public in great detail.

The War Council was appointed by President Wilson on May 10. The period from then until July 1 was largely devoted to the campaign to raise money, and to developing an organization to administer the War Fund when it had been raised.

The campaign for $100,000,000 resulted in subscriptions of about $100,000,000, and Red Cross dividends of about $19,000,000. Final returns are not yet available.

The total War Fund subscriptions paid in on August 1, 1917, amounted to $30,047,116.13. Disbursements up to that date were $2,872,598.64.

Total appropriations of the War Council up to and including July 31 amounted to $6,175,752, in detail as follows:

For work in France:

Purchase of motor ambulances and up-keep of three ambulance sections $135,000.

Emergency relief fund $1,115,000. (This sum has not been expended, but is placed at the disposal of the French Commission to meet emergency needs.)

Supplies, expenses, and charges on account of Infant Welfare Committee $18,850.

For purchase in America of foodstuffs for use in relief work $1,500,000.

Cost of sending cargo of coal for hospital and relief purposes during coming winter, $1,000,000.

Expenses of setting up and operation of Red Cross General Hospital No. 1 (for the coming year), $432,500.

Relief of sick and wounded French soldiers and their families during coming winter, 1,000,000.

Work in Europe, general:

Establishment and operation of canteens and rest houses among the armies of the United States and her allies in Europe (to be expended at rate of not exceeding $200,000 a month), 1,000,000.

Drugs for Russian Red Cross, $6,000.

Emergency allowance for United States army nurses abroad, $15,000.

Contribution to International Red Cross at Geneva, $10,000.

Relief work in Near East, through American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief, $300,000.

Emergency relief in Roumania through Red Cross Commission, $200,000.

Expense, Commission to Roumania and for squad of 10 doctors and 10 nurses sent to Roumania $40,000.

Emergency relief work in Italy through Red Cross Commission to Italy (to be expended at discretion of Italian Commission) $200,000.

Expenses, Commission to Italy $10,000.

For expenses of Commission to Serbia, $1,500.

Work in the United States

Bathing pool and construction of convalescent homes at Ft. Oglethorpe and Ft. McPherson, Ga., $12,000.

Construction of temporary warehouse in New York city $25,102.

Bathing pool at Gettysburg Military Service $10,000.

Development of Bureau of Sanitary Service $10,000.

These appropriations make a grand total of $6,175,752, as announced above.

It will be obvious that the foregoing apropriations are almost entirely to meet immediate emergencies. Certain of the sums appropriated for the use of the Special Commissions sent to Europe may not be used, but in order that such relief as could be extended should be given immediately, if needed, it was considered wise to place certain funds at the disposal of these commissions. A full statement of the actual expenditures will be made later.

Plans, which will be announced as soon as they are matured, are under consideration for effort upon a much more extensive scale, specially for the most effective possible cooperation with the Army and Navy in caring for our own men. Efforts to aid and assist the sick, wounded, and afflicted amon gour Allies, will be based on careful inquiry being made. All plans for expenditure will be determined after securing the best technical advice obtainable.

The expenses of the Red Cross Commission to France and to Russia have been met by private subscription. The purpose of the Special Commissions to Roumania and Italy is primarily to report on the needs in those countries. The expenses are for purposes of survey and in only small measure to extend the relief. Many members of these commissions pay all their own expenses.

To handle the business of the Red Cross a year ago there were 75 employees at Washington headquarters; today there are 700 paid employees and 61 full-time volunteers. The number of members of the Red Cross on August 1, 1916, was 266,077. On July 27, 1917, there were 2,547,412 members. Over 3,000 pieces of mail come into Red Cross headquarters every day, and each must receive attention.

The full time volunteer workers, who are aiding in administering the affairs of the Red Cross during the war, include the head of the largest copper company in the world, a bank president, a railroad vice-president, and numerous men of influence and prominence from all parts of the United States. The ability and enthusiasm which has been placed freely at the disposal of the Red Cross in this situation is one of the most remarkable features of this enterprise.

Members of the War Council and their staff assistants, together with many heads of departments created specially for war service, are serving without salary from the Red Cross.

I naddition to the 61 volunteer officers or employees at headquarters

(Continued on Page 4.)

MARKET THIS MORNING

Large Supply of Vegetables on Exhibition—Butter, Eggs and Poultry in Limited Quantities.

There was apparently a larger attendance of country people in market this morning than last Saturday, while the number of buyers also showed an increase. Prices for most articles exposed for sale varied but little from those of last week. Chickens were as high as ever and equally as firm. Butter was offered at 45 cents per pound and eggs at 44 cents per dozen.

The supply of seasonable fruit was about equal to the demand. Blackberries sold at 10 cents per quart, and huckleberries at 15 cents. Peaches are becoming more abundant, and they brought 15 cents per quarter peck. Fairly good apples sold at 10 cents per quarter peck, but many of inferior quality were disposed at lower figures.

Some honey was on the benches of the country people. It was offered at last Saturday's figure—18 cents per pound.

There were but few offerings of lima beans, and they were being held at 40 cents per quart. Home-grown tomatoes are now more plentiful, and they sold at 5 and 8 cents per quarter peck. Prices for other vegetables were as follows: String beans 8 cents per quarter peck; cabbage from 3 cents per head up; egg plants 5 and 8 cents each; cymlins three for 5 cents; beets three bunches for 5 cents; green corn 20 and 35 cents per dozen; potatoes 25 cents per half peck; onions 10 cents per box.

If you want to reach the people of Alexandria use the Gazette. It goes into every worth-while home in the city every afternoon.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

Miss Margaret Adams, of Rosemont, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Effie Adams, in Manassas.

Mark Norris, who has been seriously ill at his home on upper Prince street, is slowly improving.

Oscar Carter has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Rice, at her home in Falls Church for the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. William Albert Smoot and Master Albert A. Smoot left today for Atlantic City for the month of August.

Mrs. G. R. McCauley, Miss Edna and Master Robert R. McCauley, of Del Ray, have gone to Maryland for a visit among friends.

Mrs. Morris Baumgarten, 401 Royal street, has returned home after a stay of eight weeks in the Providence Hospital, Washington.

Miss Sarah Shotts, one of Alexandria's most popular nurses, left Thursday for Martinsburg, West Virginia, to visit relatives.

Tomorrow being the first Sunday of the month, holy communion will be celebrated in all of the Episcopal churches.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mount, Miss Erva Mount, and Master Carl Mount, of Yardville, New Jersey, are the guests of Mrs. F. E. Ludwig, at her home on north Braddock Heights.

Judge Louis C. Barley will address the meeting of the Laymen's league to be held tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock at Windmill Hill. The public is invited to attend and take with them their blue song books.

Many Washingtonians were unable to obtain any ice whatsoever yesterday, so acute has the shortage become. The situation not only applies to the residential section, but extended to the downtown section as well.

Mrs. George Anderton, of Braddock Heights, and her two daughters, Mrs. R. T. Dawes with her two children, Bobbie and Rosita, and Mrs. Julian Burke, Jr., and Master Anderton Burke, have gone to Sweet Chalybeate Springs, Va.

Rev. C. C. Randolph, who is to fill the pulpit at St. Paul's Episcopal church during the absence of the Rev. Dr. P. Parker Phillips, will conduct the services at St. Paul's tomorrow. During his sojourn in this city Dr. Randolph is staying at "Colross," on Oronoco street.

Rev. H. B. Lee, Jr. will hold services at Christ Episcopal Church tomorrow morning. Visiting clergymen will fill the pulpit at Christ Church during the Rev. William J. Morton's absence. Rev. Mr. Lee's father, the Rev. H. B. Lee, Sr., is rector of Christ Episcopal Church iin Charlottesville.

Rev. Dr. John Lee Allison will preach tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock at the Second Presbyterian Church on the subject, "A Sober, Righteous and Godly Life." His evening theme will be evangelistic. Sunday school will be held at the usual hour in the Westminster Building and in the Payne street chapel.

Charles Kramer of the Kramer Floral Company is quite ill in the Alexandria hospital.

Robert Bitzer left this morning for the aviation school at Princeton, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. John Farncuff and son, Walter, departed today for Salem, N. J., where they will be the guests of relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Francis, Mrs. Herbert T. Pulman, Miss Mary Nagel and Miss Margaret Merchant have left for a motor trip of two weeks to Philadelphia, Atlantic City and New York

The many friends of William Bradley will regret to learn that his condition is regarded as critical at the Alexandria Hospital. Mr. Bradley was removed to the hospital Tuesday, suffering with typhoid fever.

Subscriptions for Clark Griffith's "bat and ball" fund for the soldiers and sailors of the United States in France were solicited in this city yesterday by Walter Jacobson, of Washington, acting as Mr. Griffith's representative. Considerable success was reported by Mr. Jacobson as the result of his endeavors here.

Rev. Dr. John Lee Allison, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church will leave Monday morning for Wytheville, Va., where he will join his family and spend a few weeks on a vacation. The pulpit will be supplied by the officers of the church and announcements will be made from time to time.

The Rev. Owen P. Lloyd will begin his pastorate at the Second Baptist Church tomorrow. Rev. Mr. Lloyd comes to Alexandria with a splendid record of success, in his former pastorates. His subject at eleven o'clock tomorrow will be "Why have you sent for me?" and at the evening services "Some Foundation Stones." Sunday school will be held at 9:30 a. m. The Bible class will be led by the pastor

The name of the little child killed by a Southern Railway train at Edsall Station, Fairfax county, about six miles from this city, on Saturday last was Ferman E. T. Kitson, instead of Vernon Gibson, as was reported at the time. The boy was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Elihu T. Kitson. Mr. Kitson wa sengaged in preparing for an ice cream social to be held at a house nearby and it is thought the child started from home to go across the railroad tracks where its father was working.

Preliminary plans, to be perfected tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the meeting of the entire alumnae body of St. Mary's Academy, for the entertainment of convent alumnae in this city in the fall, were discussed last night at the meeting of the officers and advisory board of the alumnae. As stated in the Gazette yesterday the International Federation of Convent Alumnae will meet here early in the fall, and plans are being made by the local St. Mary's alumnae for the entertainment of the visiting state delegates.

Miss Nell Hicks of Wilkes street, has gone to Pittston, Pa., to visit friends.

Mrs. Edwin B. Hard has gone to New York state where she will spend the month of August.

Joseph Williams, of Pittsburg, Pa., is the guest of his uncle, Stephen Williams, of Wilkes street.

Mrs. Nannie Allison has left for an extended trip among relatives and friends near Warrenton, Va.

Master Edward Blake left this morning for Melton, Louisa county, where he will spend some time among friends.

Mrs. Sadie V. Wolfe, twenty-two years old, of Lincolnia, Fairfax county, died last night at the Alexandria Hospital. Burial will take place in Lincolnia Monday.

Mrs. J. B. Watkins has returned from Hinton, West Virginia, after spending several weeks with her son and daughter-in-law and little grandson, Master J. B. Watkins, Jr.

Harry Wade brought to this office today fine specimens of tomatoes grown upon his premises in this city. They are the largest we have seen this season.

Mrs. Annie Ratcliff of Wilkes street, and Mrs. Mary Hicks, of Gibbon street, were among those from this city who have been in attendance at the camp meeting near Mount Vernon.

Mrs. Samuel M. Lunt, of Philadelphia, who has been a recent visitor among relatives here, will soon go to Ithaca, New York, to join her husband, who is in training at the aviation school at that place.

Mary Anna Mason, aged 11 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Mason, who lives at 310 north Fayette street, died last night. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the house at 5 o'clock.

Rev. A. E. Spielman pastor of Trinity Methodist Church, will preach tomorrow morning on the subject, "The Blessing of Goodness." At the evening service his topic will be "The Best Business in the World."

"The Shadows of our Lives," will be the subject of the sermon of the Rev. E. B. Jackson at the First Baptist Church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. In the evening he will speak on "What we are Getting out of our Religion."

Three candidates were initiated into the mysteries of the order by Mount Vernon Royal Arch Chapter at the Masonic Temple last night. This will be the last meeting held by the chapter until the first Friday night in September at which time the annual election of officers for that body will be held.

Communion services willl be held at the Methodist Protestant Church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 9:30. Christian Endeavor meeting at 7:30 p. m., and at 8 o'clock in the evening the pastor, Rev. Raymond W. White, will preach on the subject "'A Time to Keep' Silent."

FIREMAN SLIGHTLY HURT

J. T. Reeves, of This City, Injured in Charlottesville Train Wreck—Local Engineer Hero of Occasion.

In the ditching of the Southern Railway train No. 31, southbound, known as the "Augusta Special," Thursday night, 12 miles north of Charlottesville by a washout, as given in a story in yesterday's Gazette, Fireman J. T. Reeves, of this city, was injured slightly, sustaining injuries to his back when thrown from his seat in the engine.

The hero of the wreck was Engineer Thomas C. Bruce of this city. After applying the emergency brakes and jumping down out of the cab seat he recalled the fact that No. 26, the Memphis Special, northbound, was just about due. With a torchlight in his hand he ran for over a mile through water over his shoe tops in places, and succeeded in flagging the fast passenger train just south of Gilberts. Had the Memphis Special come on at its usual rate of speed at that point, the whole train would have probably crashed through the undermined rails and turned over onto the wrecked cars of the Augusta Special.

Wrecking crews from this city finished the work of repairing the damage to the Southern tracks yesterday.

Among the passengers on the train was the Rev. H. B. Lee, rector of Christ Church, in Charlottesville, who was returning from this city to Charlottesville after attending the funeral of the late Henry K. Field which took place here Thursday afternoon.

IN THE BATTLE FOR BUSINESS QUICK ACTION WINS

Send your messages by the Postal Telegraph Cable Company. The fastest telegraph service in the world. Local office, 427 King street, Bell Phone 84. 185-tf

Gazette want ads get busy and get results. They will work for you while you rest.

All-Russia Congress

Petrograd, Aug. 4.—All elements in Russia will assemble by delegates, at Moscow tomorrow for the first All-Russia governmental conference. To this convention Premier Kerensky and his ministers plan to reveal the full condition of affairs in Russia and the problems to be encountered.

Butte Car Men Quit

Butte, Mont., Aug. 4.—The city street car system was paralyzed today by a general walkout of all carmen. Not a car moved.

DEATH NOTICE

Died, Aug. 3, 1917, MARY ANNA MASON, aged 11 years, four months, beloved daughter of William F. and Birtie M. Mason. Funeral services tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock, from 316 north Fayette street. 185-1t.

NOTICE.

Ill persons take notice, that I will only be responsible for such debt as those contracted for by me in person.

SAMUEL HARRINGTON.

Alexandria, Va., Aug. 4, 1917. 185-12t

FLOATING SPEAKEASY

Police Make Descent Upon an Ark on the Confines of the City and Capture Stock of Liquor.

The police of this city recently have had their eyes on an ark moored a short distance north of the outlet lock of the old Alexandria Canal, about a square and a half outside the present city limits. The county authorities had had their attention called to this suspicious craft, but they, for some reason, had not taken action. About 11:30 o'clock last night Sergeants Wilkinson and Scott and Officers Talbot and Kerns proceeded to the ark and arrested Samuel Sorrell, the owner. Upon making a search they found 44 pint bottles of "Mountain Dew" whisky, a half gallon jug filled with whisky, two quart bottles of whisky and 18 gallons of beer. The stock was transferred to the station house, and this morning Sorrell was brought to the bar of the Police Court. He refused to say anything in his defense after the officers had made their statements, and was held for the action of the grand jury.

Arabella Mitchell and Magdalena Brown, both colored, had been arrested on the charge of engaging in a stone battle. They were fined $5 each.

Charles Hammond, colored, was charged with carrying concealed weapons, a razor having been found in his pocket. It was also alleged by Sergeant Roberts, who took him in custody, that he had asked several people if they desired to purchase liquor, implying that he could procure it for them. Upon being questioned by Justice Caton, Hammond said he was a native of Newport News, but had been in Richmond during the past ten months; he left the capital city for Alexandria for the purpose of procuring work. When told that there was employment for every one in Richmond, Hammond said dullness prevailed there, and that people were leaving for other sections. The prisoner was released with the understanding that he would leave Alexandria for Newport News immediately.

Henry Jones, colored, was charged with violating the speed law on an autocycle. He was fined $10.

Seven boys, charged with stealing corn from a field at the extreme southern end of Royal street, were turned over to their parents for correction.

ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY.

Additions Made to Collection of Books at the Library on Prince Street.

The following new books have been received by the Alexandria Library:

The Definite Object, Jeffery Farnol.

The Cinema Murder, E. Phillips Oppenheim.

The American Ambassador, Lawrence Byrne.

Anchorage, Florence Olmstead.

McAllister's Grove, Marion Hill.

The Winged Victory, Sarah Grand.

The Dark Star, Robert W. Chambers.

His Family, Ernest Poole.

The Hand of Fu Manchu, Sax Rohmer.

Tales of the Fish Patrol, Jack London.

The Game, Jack London.

Stranded In Arcady, Francis Lynde.

Bromley Neighborhood, Alice Brown.

The Red Planet, William J. Locke.

How to Live, Irving Fisher and E. L. Fisk.

Old Roads from the Heart of New York, S. Comstock.

London Society (10 volumes).

Announcement is made that the public information official bulletin can be seen in the library reading room.

TURN DOWN FINNS.

Russian Government Willl Not Recognize Independence.

Petrograd, Aug. 4.—The provisional government has refused to acknowledge Finland's independence law and has instead issued a manifesto dissolving the Landtag and appointing a general election on October 1 declaring that the government when the Landtag meets will submit its own law regulating Russo-Finnish relations.

Annual excursion, Council of Jewish Women, to Marshall Hall, Wednesday, August 8, 1917. Tickets 25c 185-187.

COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

Roadside Markets in Day of Automobiles Suggested as a Means of Helping to Win the War.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 4.—A brand new means of helping to win the war through food conservation is being considered by the Council of Defense. The idea was born in Pennsylvania, where it has been effectively used in some sections. The plan now is for every State to adopt somethink like it.

It is what might be called "an automobile roadside market." A number of farmers in Virginia are regularly selling fruit, butter, eggs, poultry and vegetables to automobilists who pass their farms, and it has been found to be good business for the farmer. This traffic, however, is at present too casual to be of much importance considered from the point of view of the whole state and the food supply.

It is proposed that if the farmers of particular districts, and their wives, and children, were to agree to hold regular roadside markets at given hours on given days, this business would be sure to attract city folks to the advantage of both the farmer and the city buyer.

Under present labor conditions it is impossible for the farmer, whose surplus of fruit and vegetables is small, to take them any considerable distance for sale. More and more the business of hawking and peddling farm produce is becoming distasteful to the farmer. Under present conditions not only will quantities of fruit and vegetables go to waste but even the butter and eggs from the farm will reach the consumer in more or less forlorn condition because of delay in collecting and marketing.

Every bit of fruit and all the vegetables which can be brought by any means to the city table will relieve more staples for starving Europe, while benefiting American.

Suggestions for the new marketing scheme are offered as follows:

"Such a market should be held at specified places on specified days of the week. It should begin about four p. m., but earlier on Saturdays.

"The place selected should be preferably a shaded spot on a well traveled road which is comparatively free from dust. The material for sale can be placed on a large, clean wagon, on portable tables, or attractively arranged on the grass a little back from the roadside.

"Special baskets may be made up containing a variety of products—baskets to sell for 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00, in which case tags should show plainly the name and post office address of the producer and the quantity, variety and price of everything in the basket. Thus the buyer would know from whom to duplicate orders and could even order in advance by mail.

(In connection with the above it may be stated that a few evenings ago an automobile containing ladies and gentlemen from Washington stopped at a place in Alexandria where several parties were gathered and inquired the road leading into lower Fairfax county. After having been given the proper directions, the lady who had asked the question remarked, "We are going to the country for the purpose of buying sugar corn from the stalks.")

DRAFT WILL COST $8,660,480.

War Secretary Furnishes House of Representatives With Figures.

According to figures furnished by Secretary Baker to the House of Representatives, it will take $8,660,480 to pay the expense of drafting the men for Uncle Sam's army. It is thought that 5,000,000 men will have to be examined during the year, at least. To do this will require an organization of some 10,000 persons.

CLAIMS FILED BY 130.

Out of 155 Examined at Rockville Only 25 Did Not File Exemption Claims.

Rockville, Md., Aug. 4.—Out of 155 men examined here Thursday and yesterday for the army 33 were rejected and there were only 25 of the entire number that did not file claims for exemption. The board will examine 88 more today. The exemption board will begin passing upon exemption claims Monday.

Alexandria Gazette
SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS
AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

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HEAVIER TAXES FOR CITIES.

For several years business men and tax payers of the cities of Virginia have viewed with alarm and dismay the growing tendency to shunt off the heavier burdens of taxation on the cities, and to wink knowingly at the meager assessments imposed upon rich and valuable farming lands in certain favored sections of the state. Especially in the past three or four years have the business men of the cities been harassed and annoyed by the inquisitorial methods adopted to wring the last farthing from the reluctant but helpless citizens. The possibility that the thumb screws will be given another turn, now stares us in the face, if the platform of the "Farmer Candidate" for governor means what it implies. Mr. Davis in his campaign circular says:

"The State Tax Board, composed of the Governor, the First Auditor and Chairman of the Corporation Commissions, should have a farmer member. Such will not be the case if either of Mr. Davis's opponents be elected—all three will be city men.

The inference is that if elected the governor's influence with the Tax Board will be for the farming communities and against the cities. If it means anything it can mean nothing else.

It is indeed unfortunate that a candidate should find it necessary in the exigency of his political policies, to array the cities of our Commonwealth against the counties. In New York city, where, (according to Mr. Pollard) Mr. Davis graduated from the college of "Hard Knocks" in the practice of the law, the cities are doubtless fair game at all seasons, and are amply able to take care of themselves, owing to their large representation in the legislature.

But in Virginia where the struggle is already so pitifully uneven, the addition of the Governor's influence to the large majority of farmer delegates in the Legislature would leave little for the cities to hope for in the way of equal distribution of taxes.

To the voter who pays little taxes this apparently means little, but to the business man and the employer who has watched the tax gatherer take a larger slice each year out of his profits, it means a great deal. It may mean the difference between a profit and a loss. It may mean the difference between continuing in business and giving up. More than one valuable citizen of our state has left Virginia in the past two or three years on account of burdensome taxation. But let us cheer up and be comforted by the clear indications that our affable farmer candidate is destined to continue the occupation of farming, a vocation that at present is far more profitable than the Governorship.

PEACE WHISPERS

Last Saturday we stated that an author in New Jersey had sent to this office a pamphlet containing fifty one pages which gives the comforting assurance that the present frightful war will end today, Saturday, August 4th, 1917. The writer, however, says that the powers of heaven will be shaken and fearful celestial scenes are to follow this great desideratum. Among other things he says the heavens will be on fire and the agonies of sheol will be made manifest. Death, he says, will prevail everywhere, and all terrestrial business will be brought to a sudden standstill. The rivers in the meantime are to dry up and all the crops will be destroyed. Darkness and earthquakes are to be in evidence and his satanic majesty is to make his appearance upon this planet.

Today will not end until twelve o'clock tonight, and while watching shooting stars, which are generally more numerous in August, a sharp lookout may also be kept on the vault of heaven for greater wonders.

But while disposed to smile at the above forecast, it is a fact peace talk is more in evidence now than at any time since the war was precipitated, three years ago.

Dispatches from Europe state that Austria is nearer peace than ever and that Germany is the only obstacle to the bringing about of an understanding between the dual empire and Russia. It is also stated that Michaelis, the new German Chancellor is sighing for peace, while the German people have long been praying for a cessation of hostilities.

Peace proposals from Europe are at hand, in the opinion of Senator Lewis. He gave his reasons yesterday afternoon why he looks for authentic overtures toward the discussion of terms at an early date.

The Washington Post today in speaking of peace whispers among other things says that evidently the hubbub in European capitals is caused by the continuous and ingenious peace schemes emanating in Berlin and Vienna. Kaiser Wilhelm was never busier in making war than he is in trying to make peace. His agents in Berlin and Vienna, as well as in neutral countries, are trying one plan after another to induce the allies to make or consider peace proposals. Wholesale peace, separate peace, workingmen's peace, socialist peace, peace via Turkey, peace through a Russian--Austrian reconciliation, any kind of peace is welcome to the hard-pressed German war party.

Having failed to win the war in five or six months after they began it, the German war makers long ago perceived that they must either make peace or be annihilated.

Now comes a crisis in tremendous blows from an enemy who is finally stronger, bolder, more resourceful and more tenacious than Germany herself. The allied offensive in the west jars the foundations of the Hohenzollern and Hapsburg empires. The allied enemies of Germany are moving resistlessly toward her borders. Behind them looms a great power, capable of dealing still weightier blows, and determined to smite until Germany falls. At the moment when these foes strike, the neutral nations that have been supplying Germany give notice that they will supply her no longer. A sudden, unforeseen twist is given to the noose that is strangling Germany. Reaching across the ocean, the United States thus strikes a silent blow at Germany's vitals, a blow that becomes increasingly deadly as the days go by, and one that Germany cannot by any ingenuity evade.

ANTI-DRAFT RIOTS.

Certain newspapers, ever dealing in the sensational, are making much out of a few cases of disorder which have occurred in different sections of the country in connection with the draft. It should occur to the publishers of these journals that they are fanning pro-German flames in our own countries. Streamer headlines running across the front pages of these prints announcing disorders in certain places where outlaws are resisting conscription is by no means an index of the spirit which is animating the country and the determined purpose of the great mass of the people to arm and fight a foe which would trample the Declaration of Independence under their feet.

A short time ago news came from the southwestern section of the state of Virginia that certain clans celebrated for outlawry had armed themselves and fled to the mountains for the purpose of resisting registration. Streamer headlines were used at that time by certain papers, but the excitement subsided in a short time. It will be so in the case of other outlaws who have the temerity to defy the laws of the land.

There is always more or less objection to conscription. The city of New York afforded sad scenes in 1864 when the draft officers attempted to carry out the law. Riots resulted and reigns of terror existed in some sections of the city. Horace Greeley, it will be remembered, was pushed into a hack and driven rapidly from one of the danger zones when his life was threatened. The outlawry was finally subdued and the draft proceeded. It will be so in our day when certain persons attempt to defy the powers that be.

GERMANS BACK OF IT.

There is little doubt that German money and German influence are responsible for the efforts of the I. W. W. to stir up labor troubles and strikes in the West and Southwest, says the Baltimore American. This government has begun an investigation and already has secured facts enough to lay the blame of the whole uprising upon German plotters in this country. This shows how incomplete has been the round-up of these plotters and how much work the Secret Service still has on its hands. These servants of the Kaiser are scattered all over the country, are abundantly supplied with money and are constantly on the lookout for a chance to stir up trouble.

Such a disreputable and discredited organization as the Industrial Workers of the World is an easy mark for the German propaganda. These Workers, or their leaders, are always on the lookout for coin and will enter any kind of an agreement to get it. They will make all kinds of promises, no matter whether it is in their power to keep them or not.

It is up to the government not only to round up the German plotters, but to include in the herding the I. W. W. leaders who entered into the conspiracy to cause strikes in the mines, mills and smelter works. Both are guilty of plotting against the government, both have rendered themselves liable to vigorous criminal prosecution. Any leniency with these men would be unpardonable and would only encourage the continuance of such plots.

ALLEGED GERMAN FEROCITY

A few days ago certain Germans interned in the United States were loud in their praises of the manner in which they have been entertained by the United States. While, so far, Americans have not been treated by the Germans with the brutality citizens of other nations are reported to have received, there is no telling what cruelty may be in store for such of our soldiers or sailors who have the misfortune to fall into the hands of certain Teuton monsters.

The papers this morning tell of one of the most atrocious crimes yet marked against German sea frightfulness charged by two survivors of the steamer Belgian Prince, a British merchantman, which was destroyed by a submarine last Tuesday. According to the survivors. The German submarine torpedoed the Belgian Prince but the ship did not sink immediately. So they proceeded to loot it, smash the life boats, destroy all the life belts and then, having the crew at their mercy, forced them to come aboard the deck of the submarine and strip.

The submarine started off. After running on the surface for a mile or two it suddenly submerged, throwing the helpless sailors into the water. Thirty-eight drowned.

We are not inclined to believe everything said of the Germans, who are rendered desperate against any nation which attempts to defend itself, but the stories of survivors of the victims of German submarines are all of the same order. Placing men on a submersible and then making a dive into the ocean, leaving them to drown like rats, has been reported before. These stories remain mind us of Sioux Indian tactics in the days of the early settlers.

ACTION DEMANDED

(Philadelphia Lerger).

What is wanted in this intolerable situation growing out of the increasing activities of the Industrial Workers of the World out West is that the state authorities and the federal government shall bring it about that instead of lawlessness breeding lawlessness the assertion of the supremacy of civil law and lawful industrial methods shall be set up. Two wrongs never made a right, and the fact that the agitator lynched at Butte, Mont., had already threatened a governor that he would proceed to violence and illegal ways to redress an alleged wrong, upon the merits of which an impartial tribunal has not passed, does not make this neighborhood crime of Judge Lynch any the less odious. But the lynching does show to what a pitch things have been brought with Secretary Haywood setting the bad example for his henchmen by himself sending the President a threatening telegram. Hence the report that the federal government is making an investigation of the whole situation ought to have a calming effect on those who are all too obviously bent on trouble and are ready to take advantage of the country being at war to rouse class hatred anew and inflame the heedless to the point of actual treason and putative revolt. In this instance one does not have to find evidence of German plots or to believe the Industrial Workers of the World leaders are financed by German spies to explain the actions of Haywood and his associates. Their own admitted creed and their long record are all that is necessary.

Endeavor to Trap Foes

Geneva, Aug. 4.—Austro-German operations on the southern end of the eastern front are taking the form of a great encircling movement in an effort to cut off the Russo-Roumanian armies in northern Roumania.

dvices from Vienna and Berlin today stated that the demoralization in the Russian army is growing, and the Germns and ustro-Hungarians are advancing all along the line.

The army under Archduke Joseph, which occupied Czernowitz, the capital of Bukowina, is advancing along the Pruth river in the direction of Bojan, on the frontier of the Russian province of Bessarabia.

In the lower ranges of the Carpathians the Russians have evacuated Kimpolung, and Vienna reports that tehy are being pursued eastward by the Austro-Hungarians.

The Teutonic allies are driving in a southeastern direction with the evident objective of penetrating Bessarabia, and getting in the rear of the Russo-Roumanian forces in Moldavia. If successful, the Germans would accomplish three important achievements.

First—Two big armies would be captured by them.

Second—All of Roumania would be cleared of forces hostile to the German allies.

TThird—the road to Odessa would lie at the mercy of the Kaiser's legions.

Tell the readers of the Gazette what you want through a Gazette want ad. It will get results for you while you wait.

James Sandifer, thirty-two years old, of Lynchburg, lost both legs as a result of an accident on the James river division of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway. He was said to be stealing a ride on a freight train from Lynchburg to Richmond when he attempted to jump off near Hollywood cemetery. Both legs were cut off near the knees.

AUCTION SALE

Pursuant to the terms of a deed of trust given on the seventeenth day of December, 1913, by William P. Taylor and wife to the undersigned Trustee, default having been made in the payment of the note secured thereby, the said trustee will offer for sale at public auction in front of the Royal Street entrance to the market building in the city of Alexandria, Virginia, at 10 o'clock a. m., on Saturday the 11th day of August, 1917, all that lot of ground with the buildings and improvements thereon situated in the city of Alexandria, Virginia, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning on the south side of King street 87 feet 7 inches from the east line of Washington street and running thence south 100 feet, more or less, parallel to Washington street; thence east 36 feet, more or less, parallel to King street; thence north, 100 feet more or less to King street, and thence west along King street 36 feet, more or less, to the beginning, together with all rights and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining. Subject to the lien of a deed of trust dated December 17, 1913, duly recorded among the land records of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, executed by the said William P. Taylor and wife to James R. Caton, Trustee, to secure the payment of a promissory note for $10,000, drawn by the said William P. Taylor and payable to his own order as in said deed of trust described.

Terms of sale CASH above the amount of the first trust, and the assumption of the payment of the said first trust to be properly secured. Conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser.

KENNETH W. OGDEN, Trustee.
183-td.

RECORD OF THE PAST

No Stronger Evidence Can be Had in Alexandria.

Look well to their record. What they have done many times in years gone by is the best guarantee of future results. Anyone with a bad back; any reader suffering from urinary troubles, from kidney ills, should find comforting words in the following statement.

John T. Langley, 514 Queen St., Alexandria, Va., says: "For two years or more I was subject to pain and weakneess in my back. I often couldn't stoop or walk and was confined to the house for days. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills in the papers and got a box. Soon after I used them I noticed an improvement and they completely relieved me in a shore time."

ADDED PRAISE.

Twelve years later Mr. Langley said: "I am always glad to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. I haven't had any occasion to take a Kidney medicine for several years."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Langley has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Classified Advertising

FOR RENT—Dwelling No. 202 north Columbus street, complete with all modern conveniences. Location one of the best in the city. Inspection and possession given after August 1. Apply at Allen's drug store, King and Washington streets 183 -18t

LOST—A lady's Panama hat, trimmed with blue ribbon. It was left in the pavilion at the Dyke, July 19th. Finder please notify Captain Herbert Young, at Salvation Army rooms. 185-2t.

MARRY IF LONELY—For results try me; best and most successful; hundreds rich wish marriage soon; strictly confidential; most reliable years of experience; descriptions free. "The Successful Club," Mrs. Purdie, Box 556, Oakland, Calif.

LOST—On street in Alexandria, door key, large brass key for an old fashioned lock. J. F. Chauncey, stall No. 2. Citly Market. 184-3t.

FOR RENT —MacNair Apartment house, 514 Cameron street, a delightful five room and bath apartment; all modern improvements; hot water heat; electric light fixtures, attractive kitchen, gas range with elevated ovens; cabinet; butler's pantry; five large closets; janitor service; in fact one of the most up to date apartments in the city, with every convenience. Possession given in a few days. Call or phone Monroe and Marbury, 307 King street. Bell phone 444. 183-10t.

FOR SALE—Overland delivery truck first class running order; will sell reasonably, 1312 King street, Alexandria, Va. 180-6t.

FOR SALE—Launch, 24 feet long, 8 feet and 6 inch beam; 15 horse power Fairbanks engine; in first-class order. Apply to Ed. Speiss, 114 Franklin street. 1806t.

WANTED — Twenty-five girls to learn winding, doubling and spinning, wages $4.00 per week while learning, advanced in a few weeks. Steady work guaranteed. Apply at Klots Silk Mill, Pitt and Wilkes street, Alexandria 167-30t.

FOR RENT—One Desirable Apartment—The Jefferson, 305 south St. Asaph, splendidly appointed, conveniently arranged and comfortable with every modern convenience. $30 per month. Graham and Ogden, Alexandria, Va. 117-tf.

An intelligent person may earn $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $40 to $50 monthly in spare time; experience unnecessary; no canvassing; subjects suggested. Send for particulars. National Press Bureau, Room 4234, Buffalo, N. Y. 118-tf.

FOR SALE

524 N. Washington St., 8 rooms, bath electricity, hot water heat.
614 N. Washington St., 6 rooms, bath, electricity, hot water heat.
323 S. Fairfax St., (corner Wolfe), 7 rooms, bath. Furnace.
211 S. Patrick street, 7 room and bath. Hot water heat.

FOR RENT

702 N. Columbus street, 6 rooms.
221 North Payne street, 6 rooms.
501 Cameron street, owner, will make modern improvements thoroughout for boarding or apartment house. A fine proposition.
503 Queen street, modern 6 room and bath dwelling.
225 north Columbus street, rooms and bath. Furnace heat.
108 South Columbus street, 8 rooms and bath.
208 S. Pitt St., 8 rooms, bath, electric light, thoroughly renovated
320 and 324 North St. Asaph Street, 6 rooms and bath each.
112 South Columbus street, 10 rooms and bath, furnace heat.
323 S. Fairfax St., 7 rooms, bath, furnace, owner will renovate and enlarge.

MORRIS L. HORNER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

INSURANCE

Health, Accident, Liability, Life, Automobile and Fire

BALLENGER & KING

107 North Washington Street, Alexandria, Va.

Your Winter Coal

IF YOU HAVE NOT SECURED YOUR WINTER'S COAL, IT IS OUR ADVICE TO DO SO WITHOUT DELAY.

COAL WAS VERY HARD TO GET ALL DURING THE WINTER MONTHS OF LAST YEAR AND WE BELIEVE THAT IT IS GOING TO BE HARDER TO GET DURING THE COMING WINTER MONTHS, AND THIS IS OUR REASON FOR ADVISING EVERYONE TO PUT IN THEIR COAL AT THIS TIME.

W. A. SMOOT & CO., INC.

ALEXANDRIA VIRGINIA

First National Bank

1864 OF ALEXANDRIA, VA. 1817

WITH FIFTY-TWO YEARS OF HONORABLE SERVICE, WITH IT'S CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OF $350,000.00 AND RESOURCES OF $1,850,000.00 IS A SAFE DEPOSITORY FOR YOUR SAVINGS.

ACCOUNTS OF INDIVIDUALS, FIRMS AND CORPORATIONS INVITED

PREPARE FOR NEXT WINTER

Liquid Glass will keep Eggs from spoiling until next spring, if used now. One pint is added to eleven pints of water, according to full directions on the bottle.

Pint Bottles 20c. Quart Bottles 35c.

Put up by

LEADBEATER DRUG CORPORATION

CLOCKS

besides being ornamental can be very useful if they are of repatable make.

We handle only the highest grade clocks, guaranteed and moderatily priced.

ACTON & SONS
JEWELERS 606 King St.

Palm Beach Suits

Cleaned and Pressed 50c

Banner Laundry

Phone 208.

J. D. NORMOYLE

Realty and Investments.
Corner King and Royal Streets.
Bell Phone 564.

FOR RENT

602 Cameron Street, 10 rooms, bath,..... $35.00
518 Duke Street, 10 rooms, bath..... 35.00
206 Duke Street, 8 rooms, bath,..... 35.00
508 Prince Street, 10 rooms, bath 25.00
515 N. Columbus Street, Flat, 6 rooms, bath 20.00
515 N. Columbus Street, Flat, 4 rooms, bath 20.00
1218 King Street, 7 rooms, bath, ... 15.00
513 South Lee Street, 8 room frame, bath, large yard $15.00
1114 Cameron Street, 8 rooms, bath, ... 16.67
517 N. Henry Street, 13 rooms, bath, stable and shop 16.00
1700 Prince Street, 6 room frame, large lot 13.00
321 King Street, Flat, 5 rooms, bath ... 15.00
209 N. Payne Street, 6 rooms, bath 13.00
327 N. Columbus Street, 6 rooms, ... 12.00
307 N. Pitt Street, 6 rooms, gas,..... 10.00
111 Prince Street, 8 rooms, ... 10.00
Braddock Heights, 6 room concrete, large yard, garage $25.
411 Queen Street, 6 rooms, ... 8.50
207 Wilkes Street, 6 rooms, ... 8.50

The Store of Greater Service.

LANSBURGH & BRO

Washington, D. C.

Bungalow Aprons and House Dresses

Bungalow Aprons, made of checked percale or gingham with solid color trimmings; button back, belt and pocket. 75c value, special at 59c

Odd Lots of House Dresses, mostly Mendel's make, in gingham, chambray and lawn. Sizes 36 to 42. Values up $1.50, specially priced at 79c

House or Porch Dresses, made of fine quality voile. Sizes 36 to 46. Specially priced at $1.95

Billie Burke Dresses made of fine quality voile, with large collar, belt and pocket. $3.00 values, extra special at $1.95

Every copy ... year ...ette is paid for, either ... Newport N... ervice rendered, co... superb, powe... ...amers. free list of ...ections made at Nor... circulation ...urs of the Old Domin... to the adve... Company for New offer are w...rchants and Miners ...e price is ... Boston ... ought to b...

"THE BUSY CORNER"

S. Kann Sons & Co.

8TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

open 8:15 a. m. Close Saturday at 1 p. m.; other days at 5 p. m.

They Have Arrived

The New Art Package Goods

Prices Range From 55c to $1.85

A Bargain at Braddock

A handsome property consisting of substantial dwelling containing three spacious bed rooms, reception hall, large living room, dining room and kitchen, bath and pantry, front and rear porches, stable and other outbuildings, electric lights, half acre of ground fenced for gardening purposes, beautiful half acre lawn, fruit trees, concrete walk and altogether one of the most desirable pieces of property within the city limits.

Can be purchased with very little cash.

Graham & Ogden

529 King Street Alexandria, Va

A TIMELY SUGGESTION:

WESTINGHOUSE FANS

WE HAVE THEM IN THE FOLLOWING SIZES:

8" Non-osc	8.00
10" Non-osc	11.40
10" Osc	16.15
12" Non-osc (4-B)	16.15
12" Non-osc (6-B)	16.75
12" Osc (4-B)	20.75
12" Osc (6-B)	21.25
16" Non-osc (4-B)	19.00
16" Non-osc (6-B)	20.00
16" Osc (4-B)	24.00
16" Osc (6-B)	25.00

Phone, or drop us a postal for full particulars.

Alexandria County Lighting Company

524 King Street Phone 193

Solid Gold

La Vallieres $2.25 to $25

Finger Rings 50c to $200.00

Beauty Pins 85c to $3

Indestructible Pearl Necklace $2

H. W. WILDT & SON, Jewelers

106 North Royal Street

Alexandria National Bank

CAPITAL $100,000.00

We are prepared to handle the accounts of firms corporations and individuals and may rely upon courteous consideration and [illegible] that are consistent with good business method.

OFFICERS

President, W. B. Smoot, Vice-President.

J. L. Perry, Cashier

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Company Paid Out in South $1.17 for Every Dollar Paid to Corporation in the South. During June.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—The Southern Railway Company paid out in the South $1.17 for every dollar paid to the Southern by the people in the South during June, 1917, according to figures announced today by Comptroller A. H. Plant.

During the month the Southern Railway Company disbursed for labor, material, supplies and other purposes, $7,361,282 of which $5,850,537, or 79.48 per cent was paid to individuals and industries located in the South, this sum being $849,960 in excess of the total moneys contributed by the South for transportation purposes.

For improvements to its roadway and structures, the Southern spent $1,641,882.99 in June, 1917, as against $713,383.33 during June, 1916; during the twelve months ended June 30th, $15,879,707.53 as against $8,556,432.08 in 1916.

Results of operation, exclusive of interest, rentals and other income charges, were as follow:

Gross revenue, June, 1917, $7,143,682, an increase as compared with with 1916, of $1,378,911, or 23.92 per cent; operating expenses, taxes and uncollectible railway revenue, $5,093,202, an increase as compared with 1916, of $956,000 or 23.10 per cent.

Gross revenue for the twelve months' period, $81,388,325, an increase as compared with 1916 of $10,281,587, or 14.46 per cent; operating expenses, taxes and uncollectible railway revenues, $57,056,872, an increase of $7,328,607, or 14.74 per cent.

TO BAR NERVOUS MEN

Specialist Will Weed Out the Unfit From the Army.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Unusual pains will be taken to weed out of the war army all men whose nerves are in the least afflicted. Surgeon General Gorgas has organized a corps of 15 nerve specialists for the purpose, and one of them will examine every man under training at the national army cantonments.

An official announcement yesterday says that no man can be expected to make a good soldier under present methods of warfare if he has any organic nervous disease, any mental defect or any touch of insanity, or if he is chronically addicted to use of drugs or alcohol. These diseases, says the statement, are very likely to escape the scrutiny of those who conduct admission physical examinations.

ARRESTS SOCIALIST LEADER

Julian Pierce Carried off Before a Crowd of Five Thousand Followers

Surrounded by banners containing phrases of defiance to the superintendent of police and with a crowd of 5,000 cheering and hissing alternately, Julian Pierce, Socialist leader, was arrested last night by Capt. Flather, of the First police precinct after he had started a meeting at the corner of Eighth street and Pennsylvania avenue without the permission of the police department.

"The Constitution of the United States gives every man certain inalienable rights, among them being the right of free speech." At this point in his speech Capt. Flather grabbed the orator from his pedestal, officers took possession of the banners and rushed him to the curb with a cheering and hissing mob at their heels, policemen clearing the way with their clubs.

This was the climax to the threats made by the Socialists of the District to test the case of refusal of permission by the police department to allow them to hold a public meeting.

Pierce was later released after $20 collateral had been furnished.

FEAR THEY MAY LOSE.

Germany Has Now Entire Class of 1918 Recruits in the Field.

British Headquarters in France and Belgium, Aug. 4.—German officers captured in the battle in Flanders have discussed quite freely both the military and political situation as it affects the fatherland. Germany's loss in man power they admitted to be serious.

The interesting information has been volunteered by these prisoners that the entire class of 1918 recruits now is in the field in its entirety, and, what it more significant, it is said small elements of the 1919 class already are at the front, although it is claimed they are serving only as volunteers. This is the first time any German officer has admitted that any men of the 1919 class were on the battle front.

The whole trend of the statements made by these captive officers is that they are beginning to fear they may lose the war. More depressing than anything else is the fear that there may be another winter campaign. Peace without annexation or indemnity is indorsed by all the officers who have discussed the question but most of them have indicated that they favor the annexation of eastern Belgium and a part of the coast of Flanders, if such a thing possibly could be done.

The men are highly intelligent. An officer who has made a study of economic matters said the war already was costing the fatherland ten billion marks annually in interest charges. He appeared to be deeply impressed by the gravity of the situation.

Almost without exception the German officers still maintain that Germany is innocent of causing the war and say that there is "all manner of documentary evidence to prove it."

GUESTS ARE INTRUDERS

Germans No Longer Welcome at Bavarian Health Resort.

Basle, Switzerland, says Bavaria is preparing, though reluctantly, for another rush of tourists from North Germany this summer. As the Bavarians regard these visitors from the north more in the light of intruders than welcome guests, especially at this time when food is exceedingly scarce, measures have been taken to safeguard the smaller localities from being overrun by famished Prussians. The Bavarian minister of war has therefore forbidden by decree parishes of less than 6,000 inhabitants to receive summer boarders, except where it can be proved that the latter have been in the habit of coming there during the last three years.

LARGE PRESERVING KETTLES

Special Prices

This Week

HAMMOCKS and RUSTIC LAWN BENCHES

at a

REDUCTION

Special DINNER SETS

at

$3.48

R. E. KNIGHT & SON

621-25 King St.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Charlotte, N. C., July 20, 1917. $500 REWARD—Five hundred dollars Reward will be paid by the Southern Railway System for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who removed spikes, bolts and angle bars, resulting in derailment of passenger train No, 26, near Huntersville, N. C., Tuesday morning July 17th, 1917. All communications pertaining to this subject should be addressed to J. W. Connelly, chief special agent, Southern railway system, Charlotte, N. C. If arrested, wire him or Sheriff N. W. Wallace, Charlotte, N. C. W. N. FOREACRE, General Manager. 178tf.

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this Agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER

415 Prince Street, Alexandria Va.

AS BERLIN SEES IT

Battle in Flanders a Struggle For Submarine Bases.

Berlin, Aug. 4.—The dispatches from the front in the Berlin newspapers agree in describing the battle in Flanders as a struggle for the submarine bases in Belgium, as well as in characterizing it as the most stupendous combat of the war.

The British advance in the Wytschaete sector on June 7 is commented upon the correspondents as part of the strategic scheme to gain the U-boat bases, the June attack being calculated to give the Entente forces freedom of movement and permit them to proceed from the Ypres battleground in a northeasterly direction and strike at Zeebrugge from the rear.

COULD HAVE AVERTED WAR

Germany Had Austria's Ultimatum to Serbia in Advance.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Germany had possession of Austria's ultimatum to Serbia fourteen hours before it was delivered to Belgrade, according to positive information which has reached officials here and which was made public yesterday for the first time.

It was stated that former Foreign Secretary Zimmerman admitted this himself when pressed very closely as to Germany's foreknowledge of the action of her ally which precijitated the European war. Germany has maintained consistently in all her public documents that she was not consulted by Austria as to the ultimatum which practically denied Serbia's independence and that she did not even have knowledge of the step.

Foreign Secretary Zimmermann's admission, however, is interpreted here to show that Germany had full knowledge of the note in time to stop action on it if she felt it essential. Her inaction, however, is felt to have proved her an accomplice of Austria whom she had already told she would support in any decision she might make.

This fact fits in very closely with the recent statements, first advanced by Deputy Cohn in the Reichstag and since adopted by the allied governments, that German and Austrian leaders held a war council at Potsdam on July 5 in which it was practically decided to plunge Europe into conflict.

Information given credence by officials here is that a conference at Potsdam did take place and was attended by Von Moltke, Falkenhayn, Tirpitz, Bethmann - Hollweg, the Crown Prince and Emperor William. Afterward the Emperor left for a short trip and on his return found Sir Edward Grey's offer of mediation.

He was disposed to accept this, but Von Moltke, Falkenhakn and Tirpitz threw their swords down on the table and offered their resignations. William thereupon decided to refuse the offer.

FOUR AUTOISTS KILLED

Two Men and, Two Women Killed by Detroit Trolley Car.

Detroit, Aug. 4.—Two men and two women were killed early yesterday in a collision between an interurban car and an automobile on the eastern outskirts of the city. The men were Louis J. Chenard and Ralph De Valeiro. The women have not been identified.

According to the motorman of the interurban, the automobile was backed upon the tracks from behind a store, which obstructed the view of the rails.

ADAM A. WESCHLER, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale of a valuable tract of land in Alexandria County, with improvements thereon, known as Luna Park.

The undersigned, substituted Trustee under a mortgage or deed of trust bearing date on December 2, 1907, and recorded in deed book 116, page 274, of the Alexandria County land records, default having been made in the payment of interest, and at the request of a majority of the bondholders, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on TUESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, all that tract or parcel of land situated at or near Four Mile Run, in Alexandria County, belonging to the Washington Luna Park Company, and containing 19.18 acres, more or less, together with all rights, ways, easements, and appurtenances to said tract of land belonging or in any wise appertaining, and, also with all buildings and improvements thereon.

Terms of sale: Cash. Conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser or purchasers. The purchaser will be required, to deposit the sum of two thousands dollars on the day of sale, and the balance of the purchase money must be paid within fifteen days thereafter.

GARDNER L. BOOTHE, Substituted Trustee.

181-6t

SWAN BROS.

King and Pitt Streets Alexandria, Virginia

Women's Silk Dresses Reduced

WE WILL CLOSE OUT AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES ALL WOMEN'S SILK DRESSES. STYLISH AND NEATLY MADE.

WOMEN'S $12.50 SILK DRESSES NOW $7.50
WOMEN'S $15.00 SILK DRESSES NOW $8.98
WOMEN'S $25.00 SILK DRESSES NOW $12.50

WOMEN'S FANCY WASH SKIRTS AT REDUCED PRICES. ALL
WOMEN'S $2.50 FANCY WASH SKIRTS, NOW $1.49
ALL WOMEN'S $3.98 FANCY WASH SKIRTS, NOW .. $2.25

PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERNS, ... 10c, 15c. 20. 25c

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers

Established 1852

High Grade Investment Bonds 1st Mortgages on Real Estate

Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent. Letters of Credit and Travelers Express Cheques.

The Citizens National Bank

Having ample resources, conservative management and a representative Board of Directors, is equipped with unexcelled facilities for the transaction of all branches of legitimate banking, and solicits the accounts of corporations, firms or individuals, offering them that same courteous attention which has proven a vital factor in its steadfast and continuous growth.

Citizens National Bank

ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

PROTOX

Pure Ground Meat Scraps For Poultry

Telephone or Write Us For Descriptive Book.

ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

GET THE MOST FOR YOUR MONEY

We are selling and hanging wall Paper—all 1917 patterns— at the lowest prices for which the work can be done. Let us Save Money For You. Paper from 3 1-2 cents per roll up.

H. A. MUDD, 129 S. Fairfax St.

Wagar-Carlyle Apartment For Rent

We have several very attractive apartments for rent at the Wagar-Carlyle Apartment House, all modern improvements; up to date heating plant; beautiful bath rooms; large kitchens and gas ranges; cabinets; stationary wash trays with hot and cold water connections; electric light fixtures; janitor service, etc. Per month $20.00 to $25.00. See

Monroe & Marbury

307 King Street Bell Phone 444

Cameras and Photo Supplies

FRESH FILMS ALWAYS ON HAND

Let us develop your Films and make your Prints and Enlargements.

S. F. DYSON & BRO.

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS

420 King St, Alexandria, Va.

Established 1899

H. C. SMITH, Tailor.

Ladies' Skirts, cleaned 50c
Ladies' Suits, cleaned $1.00
Men's Suits Pressed 40c
Cleaning, Dyeing, Pressing and Scouring.

We call for and deliver work.

919 King street Alexandria, Va

Maryland, Delaware and Virginia Railway Co.

Steamers of this line leave Alexandria every Monday 4:30 P. M.

FOR BALTIMORE AND ALL THE USUAL RIVER LANDINGS.

Cuisine and appointments unexcelled.

Freight for Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York solicited and handled with care. Through rates and bills of lading issued.

Single fare to Baltimore, $3.25 return trip $4.50, State rooms one way $1.50.

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY

Lumber and Mill Work

Quick Shipments Grades Guaranteed

FINANCES OF RED CROSS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

giving their full time to the Red Cross without salary, the organization on July 15 had on its pay-roll 43 officers or employees receiving salaries of $2,000 or more a year. Twenty-nine of these officers or employees were on the pay-roll before the declaration of war and before the Red Cross was reorganized for war service. The salary list under peace conditions, which is continued in operation, included one officer with a salary of $7,500 one at $6,000, four at $4,000, two at $3,600, two at $3,500, one at $3,250, nine at $3,000, one at $2,250, and eight at $2,000.

Of the 43 officers or employees who are paid salaries of $2,000 or more, fourteen have been added since the appointment of the War Council on May 10; one with a salary of $6,000, one at $4,500, one at $4,000, two at $3,000, one at 2,700, one at 2,500, three between $2,000 and $2,400, and four at $2,000.

Aside from the officers or employees receiving salaries of $2,000 or above, all other paid employees at headquarters are clerks or messengers. Of the clerks 24 receive salaries in excess of $100 a month, 33 are paid $100 a month, and 607 are paid less than $100 a month. Many employees receive only nominal salaries, whereas they are accustomed to earn much more. This service is their contribution to the Red Cross. All administration and overhead expenses at headquarters are much more than met by dues from members of the Red Cross. Thus the War Fund is and will continue to be available for actual relief work in Europe as well as in this country.

VIRGINIA NEWS

There was considerable excitement in Lexington Thursday evening over the appearance in town of a black bear. After a strenuous chase the animal was killed in front of the Virginia Military Institute.

Commandeering of shipping under construction in this country will begin immediately. The shipping board is ready to announce its program for taking over about 2,000,000 tons now on the ways and also taking over the shipyards. Included among the scores of ships to be taken over by the United States government are English, Norwegian and vessels of other nations.

Edward Stinson, instructor at the Atlantic Coast Aeronauttical Station, at Newport News, set a new American record yesterday when he looped the loop twice with a two-ton combination land and water airplane which is being testaed out for the United States government. Major Thomas S. Baldwin, head of the station, says the feat was considered impossible by airmen throughout the United States.

Despondent because he had been rejected as a member of Company K, of the Staunton National Guard on account of condition of his teeth and flat feet, James E. Browning, 23 years old, drank a quantity of carbolic acid yesterday afternoon, and died before doctors could be summoned. For the past year he had been a brakeman in the employ of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway.

The terrific heat wave which gripped the Shenandoah Valley since last Saturday was broken Thursday night by torrential rainstorms and cyclonic winds in Warren, Shenandoah, Rockingham, Augusta and Page counties. Much damage was done to property and crops. Bridges were washed away, and where two storms met between Woodstock and Mauretown, part of the Southern Railway bridge was demolished, necessitating the transfer of the passenger traffic. Many motorists marooned along inundated roads had narrow escapes.

CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA.

Ministers Resign but Later Reconsider Their Action.

Petrograd, Aug. 4.—Premier and War Minister Kerensky and all the other members of his cabinet, except Vice Premier Nekrasoff, resigned last night.

Later, with the exception of M. Terestchenko, the foreign minister, they withdrew their resignations.

The action of Premier Kerensky and his fellow cabinet members came about as a result of accusations against M. Tchernoff, the minister of agriculture, and a complete breakdown of the negotiations to bring the constitutional democrats into the cabinet. M. Tchernoff was accused of having been connected with the German general staff.

A last attempt will be made to reconstruct the ministry under Premier Kerensky, with the chief new members being exclusively from the socialist and radical parties.

MUST FIGHT TO A FINISH

Use Every Drop of Blood to Win, McAdoo Says.

Monterey, Pa. Aug. 4.—Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo yesterday in a speech here declared "We intend to vindicate and make triumphant the principles of human liberty if it takes every drop of blood in the veins of every American free man."

The Secretary addressed a gathering of about 500 persons at a fair for the benefit of the Red Cross held at the little Episcopal Church near his country home here.

The speech of the Secretary is understood to have been submitted to the President and to have received his approval before Mr. McAdoo left Washington Thursday.

"The world may as well understand" said the Secretary, "that this fight will be fought to a finish—until justice is done, until Belgium is restored, until guarantees are secured that the rights of the smallest nations upon the face of the earth shall be respected and held as sacred as the rights of the most powerful"

CHINA READY FOR WAR

To Close German Business Houses and Intern Owners.

Peking, Aug. 4.—China is bowing to Japanese dominance. She is about to declare war on Germany and close all German business houses. The developments here are rapidly approaching a crisis.

Feng Kuo Chang has arrived at Peking from Nankin. He is the man who is behind the scheme engineered by outside influences. In return for a $50,000,000 loan at 10 per cent from Tokio, it is understood that the Feng government will turn over its arsenals, naval and military, to Japanese influence and leadership.

The declaration of war will be made without consulting parliament, it is understood. Germans will be seized and interned and their commercial houses and banks closed. This course, it is said, is bound to encourage the already widespread discontent and dissension throughout the country. It completely subverts the words of advice contained in the American note which caused such a sensation in Japan.

The whole scheme is dictatorial in trend, but it is understood the cabinet has agreed to go through with it.

SEA BATTLE MAY END WAR

Allies, With United States, Plan Tremendous Concerted Attack.

British Battle Cruiser Base, Aug. 4.—Watch out for the greatest sea battle of all times. A thunderous naval clash in the North Sea may yet bring a terrific climax to the war. The U-boat campaign, sooner or later, is doomed to failure. And then, when that fact of failure has filtered through the Germans' consciousness, what will they do? Will they not hold true to their cry of "world power or downfall" and hurl their high seas fleet out for one last desperate stab at Britain? This is the question lately heard in the forefront of British hopes And the British navy is getting ready for the answer. Prepared it has always been of course. Yet a tour of the British battle cruiser base has impressed us that the royal navy is making itself ever more ready for the day—the day when the kaiser, beaten on land, beaten in the air, beaten under the sea, may make a gambler's final bid for victory and attack England at last in fair fight on top of the waves "Then," say those predicting this possibility, "would follow a naval engagement, or a succession of them, in comparison to which most other acts of the war would be child's play." And there is reason to hope some of Uncle Sam's warships might be in on this greatest sea fight of history."

NOT A TRAIN WAS MOVED.

Strike on the Florida and Alabama Railroad Despite Injunction.

Bainbridge, Ga., Aug. 4.—Not a wheel turned yesterday on the Georgia, Florida and Alabama Railroad because of a strike of the four brotherhoods started Thursday night, after Judge W. M. Harrell, of the Superior Court, had issued a permanent injunction against a strike by the trainmen's brotherhood. The court order was based on the ground that under the Adamson law brotherhoods might not strike within the nine months prescribed as a test period for the law.

Railroad officials declared national brotherhood heads had refused their requests to supply union men to operate trains. The strike was called to compel reinstatement of a discharged engineer. The railroad runs from Columbus, Ga., to Carrabella, Fla., 230 miles.

HOLLAND MAY RESIGN.

Representative for Second District Wishes to Devote Time to Private Business.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 4.—Representative Holland, of the Second Virginia District last night, in an interview with a newspaper correspondent in Washington, practically confirmed the report that he will resign because of pressure of private business, saying that he would give out a definite statement in a few days.

"I have been considering the matter very seriously," he said, "and will make a definite statement within the next few days. Continuous service in Washington forces me to neglect my interests at home, and I do not feel that I can longer afford to do this. The affairs of the district are now in splendid shape, and my successor will have little difficulty in continuing the work which has already been projected."

While Congressman Holland does not say positively that he will resign his language is so construed. Junius E. West, State Senator from Suffolk; J. Peter Holland and Edward Cole, of Norfolk, are mentioned as candidates to succeed him.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Sporadic outbursts against the draft in North Carolina, Georgia, Oklahoma, and other sections forced the Department of Justice last night to adopt drastic steps to prevent violations of the law. From the reports reaching Washington yesterday the anti-draft demonstrations had reached the point of violence in some sections and caused instructions to be issued to district attorneys having jurisdiction over the territories affected to be especially vigilant in checking future trouble. Officials at the Department of Justice rather minimized the seriousness of some of the outbreaks, declaring that they were merely isolated instances of lawlessness, no more troublesome than could be expected in peace times.

The United States navy is going to be ready for a drive against the German U-boat bases in the North Sea, whenever the allied war council says the time is ripe. The time will ripen as the drive of the armies along the Belgian coast progresses. The younger element in the navy have under their capable hands instruments of attack which they have never been able to fully try out and they have instruments of defense upon which they know they can rely. Little can be said of the navy's new devices. Little is known outside the innermost circles of the service, and the men to whom they are entrusted for action. But hints have been dropped within the last week which show how important naval opinion holds these devices to be.

One of the most atrocious crimes of German sea frightfulness was chronicled in London with the arrival of two survivors of the steamer Belgian Prince, a British merchantman. The vessel was destroyed by a submarine on Tuesday. The survivors, the chief and second engineers, tell the same story. Th German submarine torpedoed the Belgian Prince, but the ship did not sink immediately. So they proceeded to loot it, smash the life-boats, destroy all the life belts and forced the crew to come aboard the deck of the submarine. The submarine started off. After running on the surface for a mile it suddenly submerged, throwing the helpless sailors into the water. Thirty-eight drowned.

The city of Liege has been fined $100,000 for disobeying an order given by the German authorities to demolish buildings damaged by fire on the Quai des Peucheure.

Dissatisfied with working conditions on the Washington Railway and Electric Company lines, many of the motormen and conductors who have taken the place of strikers were last night threatening a walk out.

Gen. Erdelli, military governor of Petrograd, says the Bourse Gazette, has been killed. He was treacherously shot in the back.

The great Austrian naval base and arsenal at Pola, on the Adriatic, has been bombarded by a fleet of Italian aeroplanes. Official announcement in Rome yesterday said that the most effective results were attained.

American troops are to march through London streets with flags flying and bands playing. It will be the first time since the landing of William III that soldiers of a foreign country have been permitted to march in England, carrying arms and a foreign flag.

The Austro-Germans are making their last desperate effort to force peace with Russia. Developing for days, their strategy is now evident. Their armies are being sent forward in a tremendous effort to drive a wedge through Russia to the great Black Sea port of Odessa, where thousands of tons of grain are stored. They are attempting to cut off Russia's granary—the section back of Odessa—from the hungry population of the North. By a great blow they hope to bring the republic to its knees.

Former Gov. John M. Slaton and John S. Winn, member of the Georgia legislature, fought in the Kimball House lobby in Atlanta yesterday afternoon as a result of a bitter attack made upon Slaton by the legislator in the house earlier in the day. Slaton slapped Winn's face. The latter struck back. Bystanders then interfered. Slaton went to the house yesterday morning and was invited to a seat on the rostrum by Speaker Holder. Winn arose and began to denounce Slaton for commuting the death sentence of Leo S. Frank, convicted of murder of Mary Phagan. Winn's attack threw the house in an uproar and the former governor left.

The French cabinet crisis has passed. The chamber of deputies yesterday upheld the hand of Premier Ribot by a vote of 392 to 61, repudiating an attack on the premier by one wing of the Socialists.

With no voice raised against it, the conference report upon the food control bill was adopted yesterday by the House. Caleb Powers, of Kentucky, first voted against the acceptance, but afterward switched his vote. Jeff McLemore, of Texas, voted "present." The House also adopted almost unanimously the conference report on the bill creating a food survey.

Northeast of Ypres, in Flanders, Field Marshal Haig's troops again have established themselves in the town of St. Julien, from which they were driven early this week, says the official statement last night from British headquarters in France. South of Hollebeke, between Ypres and Warneton, the British made some progress. East of Monchy le Preux the Germans have been driven from nearly all the ground they captured Thursday night. On Tuesday, the statement says, the Anglo-French troops captured 6,122 prisoners.

A device for fighting submarines has been placed at the dispesal of the government by Paul Francis Schlick, Yale graduate and nephew of General Hindenburg. Mrs. Schlick, his mother, is Von Hindenburg's sister. She is the wife of Frank Schlick, St. Paul business man. Young Schlick has joined the navy and is now in European waters. Another war invention, the character of which is kept secret, has been offered Uncle Sam by him.

John L. De Saulles, former United States Minister to Uruguay, was shot and killed at his home at Roslyn, Long Island, late last night by his divorced wife who was Miss Blanquitta Errazuriz, of Santiago, Chile. Mrs. De Saulles fired four shots from a large caliber revolver into Mr. De Saulles' back. He died half an hour later in the Mineola Hospital. The shooting was the result of a quarrel over the custody of their 4-year-old son. Under the divorce decree the child was to spend alternate months with his father and mother.

Athens and all the surrounding territory has been placed under martial law. This is the ground being evacuated by allied landing forces in keeping with the agreement reached at the recent Paris war conference. The Greek army is taking over the work left by the allies. No word of any disturbance has been received.

"Davy Crockett"

The Story of the Famous Frontiersman

FEATURING

Dustin Farnum

The Famous Screen Star

Richmond Theatre, Mon., Aug. 6.

REMARKABLE SCENIC EFFECTS

Possesses all the Qualities of Pictorial Strength

Prices 10 and 15c

Richmond Tonight, Mme. Petrova in "The Soul of a Magdalen"

A girl's sacrifice for her mother. Also a 2-reel Fox Comedy.

Surprise Tonight, Jackie Sunders in "A Bit of Kindling"

HARRIS HART

Is making the race for State Superintendent of Public Instruction on the platform of

Simplification and Economy in Our School System

This is no mere theory with him. As Superintendent of Roanoke schools and as Division Examiner, he has accomplished wonderful results. There is no branch of the work from the one-room school to the normal training that is not known to him. And through it all his motto has been simplify and economize. He has said over and again that we cannot build a great system unless we improve the primary grades. This is his greatest work.

In his system there are no unnecessary officials, no red tape, no politics.

His platform as outlined is:

Better schools and more attention to primary schools.

Better teachers by paying better salaries and adopting a clean-cut, definite plan of teachers' certificates.

More money to be spent in actually teaching children, by simplifying the system and eliminating the present top-heavy machinery.

The State and counties spend nearly eight million dollars per year on education. The public has paid little attention to anything but the local schools, with the result that there has grown up around the department a political system and a mass of red tape. Harris Hart has the ability, the strength and the honesty to make of the Department of Education an instrument whose sole purpose will be education. Harris Hart is one of the many clean-cut, efficient young men who are coming into public life now in this time when we must economize and cultivate efficiency.

We ask those who agree with him to vote for him.

THE HARRIS HART DEMOCRATIC CLUB OF VIRGINIA.

COLONIAL BEACH

"Washington's Atlantic City"

The Palatial Steamer

"ST. JOHNS"

Wharf—foot of Cameron Street

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday 8:30 A. M. Saturday 4:30 P. M.

Fare, returning same day 50c season ticket $1.00. Children-one half fare.

MOONLIGHT TRIPS

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday 7:30 P. M.

Fare: adults 25 cents.

Music and dancing.

RAILROADS

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information. Not guaranteed.

Trains leave Union Station, Alexandria:

4:27 a. m., Daily—Memphis Special. Sleeping cars and coaches for Lynchburg, Roanoke, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Washington sleeping cars open after 10:00 p. m. Dining car.

7:57 a. m., Daily—Local to Strasburg, connecting daily except Sunday at Strasburg with B and O train leaving there 1:00 p. m. for Harrisonburg. Operates through to Harrisonburg on Sunday. Buffet parlor car.

8:17 a. m., Daily—Local to stations between Manassas and Charlottesville and limited beyond to Atlanta. Coaches only.

9:17 a. m., Daily—U. S. fast mail. Coaches and sleeping cars to Charlotte, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans. Sleeping car Salisbury to Asheville. Dining car.

2:02 p. m., Saturday only—Local to Harrisonburg. Buffet parlor car.

4:02 p. m., Daily except Saturday and Sunday—Local to Harrisonburg. Buffet parlor car.

4:22 p. m., Daily—Local to Charlottesville. Parlor car to Warrenton.

4:52 p. m., Daily—Birmingham Special. Coaches and sleeping cars to Atlanta and Birmingham. Dining car. Daily tourist car to California.

5:22 p. m., Daily except Sunday—Local for Warrenton.

7:17 p. m., Daily—Augusta Special. Coaches and sleeping cars to Charlotte, Columbia, Aiken and Augusta. Sleeping cars to Asheville. Dining car.

10:02 p. m., Daily—Washington & Chattanooga Limited. (Via Lynchburg). Coaches and sleeping cars to Roanoke, Knoxville, Chattanooga, New Orleans. Dining car.

11:02 p. m. Daily—New York & New Orleans Limited. All Pullman train. Club and Observation cars to Atlanta and New Orleans. Sleeping car to Macon. Dining car.

S. D. SHELTON,
Union Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.
R. H. DeBUTTS,
Division Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

THE WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In effect June 21, 1915.
Subject to Change Without Notice.
Leave Alexandria For Washington—Daily Except Sundays and Holidays.

A. M.----5 00, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 6 55, 7 10, 7 20, 7 30, 7 40, 7 55, 8 00, 8 10, 8 20, 8 40, 9 00, 9 20, 9 40, 10 00, 10 20, 10 40, 11 00, 11 20, 11 40, Noon 12 00.

P. M.----12 20, 12 40, 1 00, 1 20, 1 40, 2 00, 2 20, 2 40, 3 00, 3 20, 3 40, 4 00, 4 20, 4 40, 5 00, 5 20, 5 40, 6 00, 6 40, 7 00, 7 20, 7 35, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 10, 11 55

Sunday and Holidays, same as above except trains at 5 00, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 7 10, 7 30, 7 50, and 8 10 A. M and 11 55 P. M.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon.

A M.---Week Days---5 35, 6 55, 7 55, 8 55, 10 30, 11 30.—P. M.—12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 35, 6 40, 7 35, 8 32, 10 20, 11 50.

Sunday as above except 6 30 and 9 55 A. M. and 11 50 P. M.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule in effect July 2, 1917.

For Washington and points north daily 8:08, 8:23, 8:33, 10.38, 10:45 a. m. 12:01, 1:28, 2:30, (through train for New York, via P. R. R.) 5:14, 5.53, 8:23, 11:33 p. m.

Saturdays only, 4:45 p. m., and Sundays only 8:08 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 4:37, 7:52 (local) and 9:47, a. m. 12:16, 3:22, 3:32, 5:17 (local) 7:02, 9:47 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 11:18 a. m. daily and 2:15 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:30 p. m. daily for stations Lorton to Fredericksburg inclusive.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company.

Every day in the ... for Fortress Monroe, Norfolk ... and points south, ... steel palace st...

Through con... folk with steam... ton Steamship... York and M... Steamships f...